

ABSTRACT

NASRUN UMAR, POLITICAL RECONSTRUCTION OF REGIONAL AUTONOMY LAW IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF PUBLIC WELFARE IN SOUTH SUMATERA PROVINCE. Under the guidance of Prof. H. Faisal Santiago, SH, MM as the Supervisor, and Dr. H. Suparno, SH, MM, as the Advisor.

Background problem: Law Number 23 of 2014 concerning Regional Government is a legal instrument in the implementation of regional autonomy in Indonesia. It is hoped that the granting of broad autonomy to the regions can accelerate the realization of community welfare through improved services, empowerment and community participation in supporting regional autonomy. However, in reality the welfare of the people in South Sumatra Province has not been realized, this can be seen from the indicators of community welfare that have not been fulfilled. The problems that the author examines are: 1. Why has the construction of Law Number 23 of 2014 concerning Regional Government not been able to bring about the welfare of the people in South Sumatra Province? 2. How is the ideal political reconstruction of regional autonomy law to bring prosperity to the people in South Sumatra Province?

The research method used is normative legal research with a statutory approach, legal concept analysis approach, legal concept approach, historical approach and approach *future*. The research specification is exploratory with primary, secondary and tertiary legal materials. Legal materials were analyzed using *content analysis*. This analysis is carried out in the context of legal discovery, whether legal interpretation or legal reconstruction to produce a legal argument.

The results showed that first, the construction of Law Number 23 of 2014 concerning Regional Government and other sector laws that have been formed cannot be used as an instrument to realize the welfare of the people in South Sumatra, this is evidenced by there are still many indicators of community welfare that are not fulfillment such as population, health and nutrition, education, employment, levels and patterns of consumption, housing and environment, poverty, and other social conditions, so that this Law needs to be reconstructed by making adjustments to the times and the ability of autonomous regions to manage their respective territories. Second, the ideal political reconstruction of regional autonomy law to be able to create welfare for the people in South Sumatra Province is to give full authority to the regions, especially in the management and utilization of Natural Resources and Agricultural Resources. The central government is only the determinant of the policy as well as the supervisor in the implementation of the policy.

Keywords: Political Law, Regional Autonomy, Welfare